

ANDAMAN AND NICOBAR ISLANDS REGULATION OF TRAFFIC AND PRESERVATION IN ORDER IN PUBLIC PLACES REGULATION 1966

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separate compilation. MINISTRY OF LAW (Legislative Department) New Delhi, the 8th June, 1966/
Jvai\$tha 18, 1888 (Saka) THE ANDAMAN AND NICOBAR ISLANDS (REGULATION OF TRAFFIC
AND PRESERVA- TION OF ORDER IN PUBLIC PLACES) REGULATION, 1966 No. OF 1966
Promulgated by the President in the Seventeenth Year of the Republic of India. A Regulaåon to provide
for the regulation of traffic and the preservation of order in public places and for matters connected
therewith in the Union territory of the Andaman and Nicobar Islands. In exercise of the powers conferred
by clause (1) of article 240 of the Constitution, the President is pleased to promulgate the following
Regulation made by him I, (I) This Regulation may be called the Andaman and Nicobar Short title, Islands
(Regulation of Tramc and Preservation of Order in Public extent and com, Places) Regulation, 1966, men
ce- ment (215) 331 G of Ex—I. 216 'PHE GAZETTE OF INDIA EXTRAORDINARY Defini- tions. (2) It
extends to the whole of the Union territory of the Andaman and Nicobar Islands. (3) It shall come into
force in the Port Blair municipal area at once and in any other area on such date as the Chief
Commissioner may, by notification in the Official Gazette, specify in respect 'Of that area

2. In this Regulation, unless the context otherwise requires,—(a) "cattle" includes elephants, camels,
horses, asses, mules, sheep goats and swine; (b) 'iChåef Commissioner" means the Chief Commissioner of
the Andaman and Nicobar Islands; (c) ' 'Official Gazette" means the Andaman and Nicobar Gazette ; (d)
"place" means any area whether open or enclosed and includes a building, a tent, a booth or other erection,
whethér permanent or temporary ; (e) "place of public amusement" means any place where music, singing,
dancing, or any diversion or game, or the means of carrying on the same, is provided and to which the
public are admitted either on payment of money or with the intention that money may be collected from
those admitted and includes a race course, circus, theatre, music hall, billiard room, bagatelle room,
gymnasium, fencing school, swimming pool or dancing hall ; (f) "place of public entertainment" means
any place to which the public are admitted, and where any kind of food or drink is supplied for
consumption on the premises by any person owning, or having an interest in, or managing, such place and
includes a refreshment room, eating-house, coffee-house, liquor- house, boarding-house, lodging-house,
hotel, tavern, or wine, beer, spirit, arrack, toddy, ganja, bhang or opium shop or a shop where any kind of
food or drink is supplied to the public for consumption in or near such shop ; (g) "public place" includes
the precincts ot every public building or monument, and all places accessible to the public for &awing
water, weshing or bathing or for the purpose of re- creation ; TRE GAZETTE OF INDIA
B.XNAORDINARY (h) "street" includes any highway, bridge, way over a cause• way, viaduct, arch or
any road, lane, footway, square, court, alley or passage accessible to the public, whether a thoroughfare or
not ; (i) "vehicle" means any carriage, cart, van, dray, truck, hand cart or other conveyance of any
description and includeg a bicycle, a tricycle, a rickshaw, an automatic car, a vessel or an aeroplane. 3. (1)
The District Magistrate may make rules,— Pov& to (a) with a view to preventing danger. obstruction Or
incon- rul— regulatleo venience to the public, for regulating tramc of all kinds in streets ot trame. and
public places, and the use of streets and public places by vation of persons— (i) riding, driving, cycling or
walking; or (ii) leading or accompanying cattle; (b) for regulating the conditions under which vehicles may
remain standing in streets and public places, and the use of streets as halting places for vehicles or cattle ;
(c) for prescribing the number and position Of lights to be used on vehicles in streets and the hours
between which such lights shall be used; (d) for licensing, controlling or, in order to prevent the
obstruction, inconvenience, annoyance, risk, danger or injury that may be caused to the residents or
passengers in the vicinity, prohibiting the playing of music. the beating of drums, tom-toms or other
instruments, the blowing or sounding of horns or other noisy instruments and the use of sound amplifiers
in or near streetg or public places ; (e) for regulating the conduct, behaviour or action of peNong
constituting assemblies and processions on or along the streets and prescribing in the case of processions,
the routes by which, the order in which and the times at which, the same may pass ; (f) (i) for licensing or

otherwise controlling places of public amusement or entertainment ; (ii) for prohibiting the keeping of places of public amusement or entertainment or assembly, in order to prevent obstruction, inconvenience, annoyance, risk, danger or injury to the residents or passengers in the vicinity ; order in public place, THE GAZETTE OF INDIA EXTRAORDINARY [PART (iii) for regulating the means of entrance and exit at places public amusement or entertainment or assembly, and providing {QI' the maintenance of public safety and the prevention Of dis- turbance thereat ; (g) for prescribing the procedure for making an application for the grant of a licence or permission required under this Regu- .lation .and the levy of fees therefor : Provided that nothing in this section and no licence granted under any rule made thereunder shall in any way affect the provisions 4 of 1884. of the Explosives Act, 1884, or of the Arms Act, 1959, Or of any rules 5-4 of made under them, or the liability of any person thereunder: 1969. Provided further that any action taken under the rules made under this section or the grant of a licence made under such rules shall be subject to the control and supervision of the ChJef Commissioner: Provided also that the power to make rules under this sub- sectfOn except under clauses (a) and (b) thereof shall be subject to the previous sanction of the Chief Commissioner, (2) The power to make rules under this section shall be subject to the condition of the rules being made after previous publication. and every rule made under this section shall be published in the Official Gazette and In the locality affected thereby by aff>dnng copies thereof in conspicuous places near to the building, structure, work or place as the- case may be, to which the same specially relates. or by proclaiming the same by the beating of drum or by advertising the same in such local newspapers 2n English, or in the local language, RS the District Magistrate may deem qt or b" any two or more of these .or anv other means he may think suitable: Provided that any such rules may be made without previous publication, if the District Magistrate is satisfied that circumstances e*lst which render it necessary that such rules should be brought into force at once. (3) Notwithstanding anything hereinbefore contained fn thig section or which may be contained in any rules made thereunder, it shall always be lawful for the competent authorfty under the said of public amusement qr entertainment by perspn Of notoriously bad character. SEC. 1] THE GAZETTE OF INDIA EXTRAORDINARY (4) It shall be the duty of all persons concerned to any rule duly made as aforesaid so long as the same operation

4. Whoever—219 conform to shall be in Penalty for con- travendng (a) contravenes any rule made under section 3 Or any of the rule, conditions of a licence issued under such rule, or under sec- tion 9. (b) abets such contravention, shall, on conviction, be punished— (i) in the case of contraver. tion or abetment of contravention of any rule made under clause (c) of sub-section (1) of section 3, with imprisonment for a term which may extend to eight days, or with fine which may extend to fifty rupees, or with both; (ii) in the case of contraven:ion or abetment of contravention of any rule made under use (d) or clause (e) of sub-section (1) of section 3, with fine whith extend to two hundred rupees; (iii) in the case of contravention or abetment of contraven- tion of any rule made under clause (a) of sub-section (1) of section 3, if, and in so far as, such rule prohibits the sale or exposure for sale of any goods on any street or portion thereof SD as to cause obstruction to tramc or inconvenience to the public— (a) for the first offence, with Imprisonment for a term which may extend to one month, or with fine which may extend to two hundred rupees, or with both, and (b) for a subsequent offence, with imprisonment for a term which may extend to six months and with fine which may extend to five hundred rupees; and (iv) jn the case of contravention 01' abetment of contraven- tion of any rule made under any other clause of sub-section (1) of section 3, with fine which may extend to fifty rupees

5. Notwithstanding anything contained in the Code of Criminal Offences Prc,cedure, 1898, an offence under this Regulation shall be cognizable, to be cog of 1898.nizable, bailable and triable by a magistrate of the second clasg. bailable and tri- able by second Class magis- trate. 231 G 011 Ex —2. 220 THE GAZETTE OF EXTRAORDINARY [PART LI—SEC. IJ Prosecu- Mon of offences under other laws not affected. G. Nothing in this Regulation shall be construed to prevent any person from being prosecuted and punished under any Other law for any act made punishable by this Regulation or from bemg pro- secuted and punished under this Regulation for any act made punish- able under any other law, provided that all such cases shall be stibiect to the provisions of section 403 of the Code of Criminal of 1898. Procedure, 1898. Protection 7. No suit, prosecution or other legal proceeding shall lie against of action the Chief Commissioner or anv officer or authority o! the Union taken in good faith. territory of the Andaman and Nicobar Islands for anything which in good faith done or intended to be done in pursuance of this Regulation any rule made thereunder, S, RADHAKRISHNAN, President. S. P. SEN-VARMA,

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