

KOODALMANICKAM DEVASWOM ACT, 1971 (NO.7 OF 1971)

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11 from to be 43 THE KOODALMANICKAM DEVASWOM ACT, 1971 * (Act 7 of 1971) An Act to
make provision for the proper administration of the Koodalmamckam Devaswom in Irinjalakuda
Preamble.—WHEREAS the Koodalmanickam Temple in Irinjalakuda is a very ancient temple of
unique Importance which owns extensive properties and endowments, AND WHEREAS under the
Proclamation Issued by HIS Highness the Raja of Cochin on the 30th November, 1917 and the scheme of
management Issued under that Proclamation, the administration, control and management of the
Devaswom have been vested in the Thachudaya Kammal AND WHEREAS the administration and
management of the Devaswom by the Thachudaya Kammal have deteriorated and a situation has arisen
rendering it expedient to re-organise, in the interests of the general public, the scheme of manage-
ment of the affairs of the Devaswom and to provide better administration therefor in supersession of all previous
laws and arrangements applicable thereto, BE it enacted in the Twenty-second Year of the Republic of
India as follows — CHAPTER 1 PRELIMINARY 1 Short title and commencement.—(1) This Act may be
called the Koodalmanickam Devaswom Act, 1971 (2) It shall be deemed to have come into force on the
9th day of March, 1971. 2 Definitions.—In this Act, unless the context otherwise requires,— (a)
"Administrator" means the Administrator appointed under section 14 ; (b) Committee means the
Koodalmanickam Devaswom Managing Committee constituted under section 3 ; * Published in the
Gazette Extraordinary No. 221, dated 22nd April, 1971. 44 (c) "Devaswom" means the Temple, and
includes its properties and endowments, and the subordinate temples attached to it, (d) "Kammal" means the
person appointed to be the Thachudaya Kammal of the Koodalmanickam Devaswom in accordance with
accepted custom ; (e) "prescribed" means prescribed by rules made under this Act, (f) Temple" means
the Koodalmanickam Temple in Irinjalakuda, (g) "Temple Fund" means the Sree Koodalmamckam
Temple Fund constituted under section 23 CHAPTER 11 THE COMMITTEE 3 Incorporation.— (1) The
administration, control and management of the Devaswom shall be vested in a Committee constituted in
the manner hereinafter provided (2) The Committee shall be the name of the Koodalmanickam
Devaswom Managing Committee" be a body corporate and shall have perpetual succession and a
common seal and shall by the said name sue and be sued through the Administrator. 4 Composition of
Committee.—(1) The Committee shall consist of the following members, namely : (a) the Kannal, who
shall be the Chairman • Provided that if the Kammal unable to function as the Chairman for any reason or
the office of the Kammal falls vacant, the Government may nominate any person professing the Hindu
religion to be the Chairman for the period during which he is unable to function as Chairman which the Kammal or
the office is vacant, as the case may be, subject to a maximum period of three years ; (b) the
Administrator, ex officio ; (c) the Commissioner of Hindu Religious and Charitable Endowments
appointed under the Madras Hindu Religious and Charitable Endowments Act, 1951 (Madras Act XIX of
1951), ex officio; 45 (d) the President of the Cochin Devaswom Board. ex officio ; (e) the District

Collector, Trichur, or If he IS not a person professing the Hindu religion, any officer professing the Hindu religion and not below the rank of Deputy Collector nominated by the District Collector In this behalf, ex officio ; (f) four persons professing the Hindu religion nominated by the Government (2) A person shall be disqualified for being nominated as Chairman under the proviso to clause (a) of sub-section (1) or as member under clause (f) of that sub-section, if he IS subject to any of the disqualifications mentioned in clauses (a), (b) and (c) of sub-section (3) of section 5. 5 Term of office of non-official members, resignation and removal of such members and casual vacancies in their office.— (1) A member nominated under clause (f) of sub-section (1) of section 4 shall hold office for a period of three years from the date of his nomination and shall be eligible for re-nomination. (2) The Chairman nominated under the proviso to clause (a) of sub-section (1) of section 4 or a member referred to in sub-section (1) may resign his office by giving notice in writing hereof to the Government and shall cease to be the Chairman or member, as the case may be, on the resignation being accepted by the Government (3) The Government may, by order, remove from office the Chairman or a member referred to in sub-section (2) If— (a) he IS of unsound mind and stands so declared by a competent court ; or (b) he has applied for being adjudged an Insolvent, or IS an undischarged insolvent , or (c) he has been convicted of any offence involving moral turpitude , or (d) he has been guilty of corruption or misconduct in the administration of the Devaswom , or (e) his presence in the Committee IS, the opinion of the Government, prejudicial to the Interests of the Devaswom , or (f) he has absented himself for more than three consecutive meetings of the Committee and IS unable to explain such absence to the satisfaction of the Committee ; or (g) he, being a legal practitioner, has acted or appeared on behalf of any person against the Devaswom in any legal proceeding ; or (h) he ceases to profess the Hindu religion (4) The Chairman or a member shall not be removed under sub-section (3) unless he has been given a reasonable opportunity of showing cause against his removal (5) An order of the Government under sub-section (3) shall be final and shall not be liable to be questioned in any court of law (6) The term of office of a member appointed to fill a casual vacancy shall be for so long only as the member whose place has been filled would have been entitled to hold office if the vacancy had not occurred 6. Dissolution and supersession of Committee.—(1) If, in the opinion of the Government, the Committee IS not competent to perform or makes default in performing the duties imposed on it under this Act or exceeds or abuses its powers, the Government may, after such inquiry as may be necessary by notification in the Gazette, supersede the Committee for such period not exceeding SIX months as the Government may deem fit (2) Before issuing a notification under sub-section (1), the Government shall communicate to the Committee the grounds on which they propose to do so, fix a reasonable time for the Committee to show cause against the proposal and consider its explanations and objections, if any (3) Where a Committee IS superseded under this section, the Government shall appoint a person in the service of the Government and professing the Hindu religion to exercise the powers and perform the functions of the Committee until the expiry of the period of supersession Provided that the period during which the Committee remains superseded shall not have the effect of extending the maximum term of office of the Chairman nominated under the proviso to clause (a) of sub-section (1) of section 4 or of a member nominated under clause (f) of that sub-section beyond a period of three years

7. Meetings of the Committee.— (1) The Committee shall maintain its office at such place or places at Innjalakuda as the Committee may determine, for the transaction of its business (2) Every meeting of the Committee shall be presided over by the Chairman and in his absence by a person elected for the purpose by the members present from among themselves (3) No business shall be transacted at any meeting of the Committee unless at least four members thereof are present. (4) Questions arising at a meeting of the Committee shall be decided by a majority of the votes of the members present there at and the Chairman or the person presiding shall have and exercise his casting vote in the case of equality of votes. 8 Acts or proceedings of Committee not to be invalidated.—No act or proceeding of the Committee shall be invalidated merely by reason of— (a) any vacancy in or any defect in the constitution of the Committee ; (b) any defect in the nomination or election of a person acting as the Chairman or a member of the Committee ; or (c) any irregularity in the procedure of the Committee not affecting the merits of the case 9 Remuneration of Chairman and members.—(1) Where the Kalmal IS the Chairman, he shall be entitled to an honorarium of three thousand eight hundred rupees and two thousand twenty-four paise per annum (2) No member of the Committee other than the Chairman (where he IS the Kalmal) or the Administrator shall receive (or be paid from out of the Temple Fund any salary or other remuneration

except such travelling or daily allowances, If any, as may be prescribed 10 Duties of Committee.—Subject to the provisions of this Act and the rules made thereunder, It shall be the duty of the Committee— 48 (a) subject to the custom and usage in the Temple, to arrange for the proper performance of the rites and ceremonies in the Temple and the subordinate temples attached thereto in accordance With the pathivu or scale of expenditure specified in Schedule I; (b) to provide facilities for the proper performance of worship by the worshippers ; (c) to ensure the safe custody of the funds, valuable securities and Jewelleries and the preservation and management of the properties vested In the Temple , (d) to ensure maintenance of order and discipline and proper hygienic conditions In the Temple and the subordinate temples attached thereto and of proper standard of cleanliness and purity In the offerings made thereon , (e) to ensure that the funds of the endowments of the Temple are spent according to the wishes so far as may be known of the donors ; (f) to make provision for the payment of suitable emoluments to the salaried staff of the Devaswom ; and (g) to do all such things as may be incidental and conducive to the efficient management of the affairs of the Devaswom and the convenience of the worshippers 11. Alienation of Devaswom properties.—(1) No movable property of a non-perishable nature which is in the possession of the Committee and the value of which is more than five thousand rupees and no Jewelleries shall be sold, pledged or otherwise alienated without the previous approval of the Government (2) No immovable property taken possession of by the Committee shall be mortgaged, sold or otherwise alienated except With the previous sanction of the Government 12 Limitation of borrowing and lending powers.—The Committee shall have no power to borrow money from or to lend money to any person except With the previous sanction of the Government 13 Administration report.—(1) The Committee shall annually submit to the Government a report on the administration of the affairs of the Devaswom at such time as the Government may prescribe, and such report shall be forthwith published by the Committee in the prescribed manner 49 (2) The report prepared and published under sub-section (1) shall, as soon as possible, be laid before the Legislative Assembly

CHAPTER III ADMINISTRATION AND ESTABLISHMENT 14. Appointment of Administrator.—The Government shall appoint an officer not below the rank of Tahsildar or Assistant Commissioner of Hindu Religious and Charitable Endowments appointed under the Madras Hindu Religious and Charitable Endowments Act, 1951 (Madras Act XIX of 1951) and professing the Hindu religion to be the Administrator for the Devaswom. 15 Conditions of service of Administrator. The Administrator shall be a full-time officer of the Devaswom and shall not undertake any work unconnected With his office without the permission of the Committee (2) The Administrator shall be paid out of the Temple Fund such salary and allowances as the Government may fix in this behalf (3) There shall be levied a contribution from the Temple Fund towards the leave allowances, pension and provident fund of the Administrator to the extent required by the rules for the time being in force (4) Subject to the provisions of sub-sections (1) and (2), the conditions of service of the Administrator shall be such as may be prescribed 16 Additional charge of office of Administrator. Notwithstanding the provisions of sections 14 and 15, It shall be competent for the Government to appoint an officer of the Government not below the rank of Tahsildar or Assistant Commissioner appointed under the Madras Hindu Religious and Charitable Endowments Act, 1951 (Madras Act XIX of 1951), to be in additional charge of the office of the Administrator. pending appointment of the Administrator under section 14 or when the office is temporarily vacant • Provided that the period of such additional charge shall not exceed one month. 3/23—4 50 (2) An officer appointed to be in additional charge of the office of the Administrator under sub-section (1) shall be paid out of the Temple Fund such allowances as the Government may fix in this behalf 17 Powers and duties of Administrator.—(1) The Administrator shall be the Secretary to the Committee and its chief executive officer and shall, subject to the control of the committee, have powers to carry out its decisions in accordance With the provisions of this Act. (2) Notwithstanding anything contained in sub-section (1) or in section 3 the Administrator shall be responsible for the custody of all records and properties of the Devaswom (3) The Administrator shall arrange for the proper collection of offerings made in the Temple. (4) The Administrator shall have power— (a) to appoint all officers and employees of the Temple; (b) to grant licences for the use of the lands of the Temple for a period not exceeding one year at a time or to lease out for a period not exceeding one year at a time the buildings of the Temple which are ordinarily let , (c) to call for tenders for works or supplies and to accept such tenders when the amount or value thereof does not exceed five thousand rupees , and (d) to order for any emergency repairs the cost of which does not exceed five thousand rupees :

Provided that the exercise of the powers under clause (a) or clause (b) or clause (c) shall be subject to the directions, If any, of the Committee Issued In that behalf 18 Extraordinary powers of Administrator. A1) The Administrator may In cases of emergency direct the execution of any work or the doing of any act which is not provided for in the budget for the year and the immediate execution or the doing of which in his opinion necessary for the preservation of the properties of the Temple and its endowments or for the service or safety of worshippers resorting to the Temple or for the due performance of the rites and ceremonies therein in accordance With the custom and usage In the Temple, and may direct that the expenses of executing such work or doing such act shall be paid from the Temple Fund 51 (2) Any action taken by the Administrator under sub-section (1) shall forthwith be reported to the Committee together With the reasons therefor

19. Establishment schedule.—(1) The Administrator may, as soon as may be after his appointment, prepare and submit to the Committee a schedule setting forth the duties, designations and grades of the officers and employees who may, in his opinion, constitute the establishment of the Temple and embodying his proposals With regard to the salaries and allowances payable to them, and such schedule shall come into force on approval by the Committee (2) No change shall be effected in the schedule except With the sanction of the Committee (3) Subject to such exceptions as the Committee may by general or special order direct and subject to the provisions of sub-section (6), the officers and employees of the Devaswom in the service of the Devaswom immediately before the commencement of this Act shall continue as such, and the conditions of their service shall be such as may be prescribed (4) Any person who was an employee of the Devaswom on the 1st day of January, 1970, and whose service as such employee was terminated before the commencement of this Act, may apply to the Committee for reinstatement (5) On receipt of an application under sub-section (4), the Committee may, if it is satisfied that the termination of employment of the applicant was not justifiable or not in accordance With law, reinstate the applicant in the service of the Devaswom (6) Any person reinstated under sub-section (5) shall be deemed to have continued in service and shall be entitled rights and privileges, as if his service had not been to all terminated (7) The creation of any new appointment carrying a salary of not less than two hundred rupees per mensem shall be subject to the previous sanction of the Government (8) A person who does not profess the Hindu religion shall be disqualified for being appointed as, or for being an officer or servant of the Devaswom 3/23—4a CHAPTER IV BUDGET, ACCOUNTS AND AUDIT 20 Budget. —(1) The Administrator shall every year prepare in such manner and in such form as may be prescribed a budget estimate of the receipts and expenditure of the Devaswom for the following year and place it before the committee which may approve it without modification or With such modifications as it may deem fit. (2) The budget, after the approval of the Committee under sub-section (1), shall be submitted to the Government before such date as may be fixed by the Government in that behalf. (3) Before sanctioning a budget, the Government shall satisfy themselves that adequate provision has been made in the budget for the maintenance of the prescribed working balance and for meeting the liabilities of the Devaswom If the budget as submitted to the Government does (4) not provide for the matters mentioned in sub-section (3), the Government may modify any part of the budget so as to ensure that such provisions are made (5) The decision of the Government sanctioning the budget, subject to modifications, if any, shall be communicated to the committee at least fifteen days in advance of the commencement of the year to which the budget relates and in the absence of such communication before the end of the preceding financial year. the budget shall be deemed to have been sanctioned in pursuance of this section. 21 Revised or supplementary budget.— If, in the course of any year. the Committee considers it necessary to modify the figures shown in the budget With regard to its receipts or expenditure, it may submit a supplementary or revised budget to the Government Provided that no alteration shall be made in the working balance without the consent of the Government 22 Audit.—(1) The Government shall every year appoint an auditor to audit the accounts of the Devaswom and fix his remuneration (2) The remuneration to the auditor shall be paid from the Temple Fund. 53 (3) The auditor shall submit his report to the Committee and send a copy of it to the Government, and thereupon the Government may issue such directions thereon as they deem fit, and the Committee shall comply With such directions (4) The report of the auditor and the directions issued by the Government thereon shall be published in the prescribed manner CHAPTER V GENERAL 23 Temple Fund.—(1) There shall be constituted a fund to be called the (Sree Koodalmanickam Temple Fund ' which shall be vested in and be administered by the Committee (2) The

fund shall consist of— (a) the Income derived from the movable and Immovable properties of the Devaswom, (b) any contributions by the Government either by way of grant or by way of loan; (c) all fines and penalties Imposed under this Act, (d) all recoveries under this Act, and (e) any other gifts or contributions made by the public, local authorities or Institutions (3) The fund may be utilised for any of the purposes prescribed under this Act and for all or any of the following purposes, namely (a) maintenance (including repairs and reconstruction) In management and administration of the Temple, Its properties and the temples subordinate thereto, (b) training of archakas to perform the religious worship and ceremonies In the Temple and the temples subordinate thereto, (c) medical relief, water supply and other social arrangements for the worshippers and the pilgrims and construction of buildings for their accommodation (d) culture and propagation of the tenets and philosophy associated With the Temple, (e) any other work or undertaking for the purposes of the Devaswom authorised by the Government, so long as such authorisation subsists, and (f) With the previous sanction of the Government, for the establishment and maintenance of, or the making of any grant contribution to, any poor home or other similar Institution

24. Revision by Government.—(1) The Government may call for and examine the records of the Administrator or of the Committee to satisfy themselves as to the regularity of such proceedings or of the correctness, legality or propriety of any decision or order made thereon, and If In any case It appears to the Government that any such decision or order should be modified, annulled, revised or remitted for reconsideration, they may pass orders accordingly (2) The Government may stay the execution of any decision or order referred to In sub-section (1) pending the exercise of their power under that sub-section In respect thereof 25. The Government may, by notification In the Gazette, make rules to carry out the purposes of this Act. (2) In particular, and without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing power, such rules may provide for— (a) the manner of exercise of control by the Committee over the actions of the Administrator, (b) the grant of travelling or daily allowances to the members of the Committee, (c) section 23, (d) section 13, (e) Devaswom, allowances, the and the the the the performance of duties by the Committee under the mode and extent of expenditure under conditions of service of the Administrator, (f) publication of the administration report under custody of the records and properties of the payment of contributions towards the leave pension and provident fund of the Administrator, (g) the preparation of the budget estimates for the Devaswom (1) the preparation and sanction of estimates and acceptance of tenders respect of public works and for supplies, (h) the custody and investment of the Temple Fund by the Committee; (i) the audit of the accounts of the Devaswom. the particulars to be mentioned In the audit report and the manner of publication thereof and of the directions Issued under section 22, (j) the recovery of amounts payable to audit01s appointed by the Government, and (m) any other matter which has to be, or may be, prescribed (3) Every rule made under this Act shall be laid, as soon as may be after It is made. before the Legislative Assembly while It is In session for a total period of fourteen days which may be comprised In one session or in two successive sessions, and If, before the expiry of the session In which It is so laid, or the session immediately following, the Legislative Assembly makes any modification in the rule or decides that the rule should not be made, the rule shall thereafter have effect only In such modified form or be of no effect, as the case may be, so however that any such modification or annulment shall be without prejudice to the validity of anything previously done under that rule 26 Regulations.—(1) The Committee may, subject to the approval of the Government, make regulations not inconsistent With the provisions of this Act and the rules made thereunder to provide for the manner In which the duties imposed on It under this Act and Its functions thereunder shall be discharged (2) In particular, and without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing power, such regulations may provide for— (a) the conditions of service of the officers and employees of the Devaswom, (b) the observance of the rites and ceremonies and other usages In the Temple and the temples subordinate thereto, (c) any other matter for which regulations are required to be made for the purposes of this Act 27 Committee to be in possession of the Devaswom properties.—(1) The Committee shall be entitled to take and be In possession of all movable and immovable properties including jewellery, records, documents and other assets belonging to the Devaswom (2) Notwithstanding anything contained In sub-section (1), pending constitution of the Committee, the Administrator shall be entitled to take and be In possession of all the properties referred to in that sub-section (3) If in obtaining such possession, the Committee or any person authorised In this behalf by the Committee or the Administrator,

IS resisted or obstructed by any one, the Com- ITIltee or the Adrmstrator, as the case Inay be, may make a requisition In the prescribed form to the Collector of the district m which any such property IS situate to deliver posses- slon thereof to the Co -nnuttee or the Admtmstrator, as the case may be (4) Where a requisition IS made to the Collector under sub-section (3), the Collector shall hold a sun-it-nary Inquiry Into the facts of the case andl If satisfied that the resistance or obstrudtron was without any Just cause, shall comply With the said requisition , and In exercising the powers undet this section, the Collector may use such force as may be necessary (5) Every person authorised by the Committee or acting under Its Instructions In pursuance of this section or the Adnu.:jstrator shall be deemed to be a pubhc servant within the meaning of section 21 of the Indian Penal Code (Central Act of 1860) (6) Nothmg contamed In this section shall bar the Institution of a suit by any person aggrieved by an order made thereunder for establishing his title to the property 28 Protection of action taken in good faith.—No suit, 11': agamst the prosecution or other legal proceeding shall Government or the Committee or any member thereof or the Administrator or any other person actmg under the Instruc- thons of the Commrttee or authorised by It, for anything which IS In good faith done or Intended to be done under this Act qr the rules made thereunder. 57 29 Pubhc officers to furnish copies of or extracts from certam documents,—All public officers having custody of any record, register, report or other document relatmg to the Devaswom shall furnish such copies of or extracts from the same as may be required by the Adnurnstrator 30 Acts of Administrator not to be invalidated.—No act or pzocceedmg of the Admmstrator shall be Invalidated by 1 eason only of a defect or Irregularlty In his appointment or on the ground that he was not entitled to hold or contmue in office by reason of any disqualification 31 Certain rights and privileges of Kaimal not to be affected.—Nothlng In this Act shall be deemed to affect the customary rights and privileges of the Thachudaya Kaimal as particy!ansed m Schedule 11 32. Savings.—Nothmg In this Act shall, save as otherwise expressly provided In this Act or the 1 ules made thereunder, affect any honour, emolument or perquisite to which any person IS entitled by custom or otherwise, f) om or In the Devaswom, or Its established usage In regard to any other mattet . 33 Removal of dnmcultres.—If any difficulty arises In grung effect to the provisions of this Act, the Government may, as occasion may require, by order, do anything not m- consistent With this Act or the rules made thereunder, which appears to them necessary for the purpose of removing the difficulty 34 Repeal and saving.—(1) The Koodalmamckam Devas- wom Proclamation (Cochin) issued on the 30th November, 1917 and the scheme of management published thereunder, the Koodalmarnckam Devaswom Proclamation (Travancore) Issued on the 12th June, 1919 the Koodalmarnckam Devaswom Act 1018, (Madras Act I of 1919) and the Koodalmarnckam Devas- wom Ordinance, 1971 (13 of 1971), are hereby repealed. (2) Notwithstanding the repeal of the Koodalmamckam Devaswom Ordinance, 1971 (13 of 1971), anything done or any ectlon taken under thalt Ordinance shall be deemed to have been'done or taken under this Act. 58 SCHEDULE 1 (Sec section IO) The Pathzvuvu or annual scale of expenditure prescribed for the Devaswom under the several heads No. (1) I 2 3 5 6 7 8 9 Details of cercmonzcs, etc. (2) I. Dad)' Pooja zn the Koodalmmuckom Temple: Expenditure mcurred out of the Temple Fund Do. met out of Endow- ment Funds 'otal 11. Monthly and Wlinor Annual Ccermontes : Bathing Deity with gingely oil on all Ayilhyam, Visakham, Punartham, Thiruvonam and Makaryiram days Kalabham ceremony on all Makapram days Ashtami Rohini in Chingom Extra Pooja during Onam in Chingom Kalabham ceremony on the Full moon Dwadesi day in Makaram Kalabham ceremony on the Punartham day in Makaram, the day on which the Deity was seated Kalabham ceremony on the New moo I Ashtami day rn Meenam Special Nivedyam on Vishu day Vishu Kani Papa (3) 5,735 366 53 55 3 6 o Paddy -Ed. (4) 9 o 9 6 G I 5 6 2 Moncy (6) (5) 0 4 8 6 12 a 0 8 3,161 155 3,316 175 206 7 oo 50 65 60 59 (1) IO 11 12 13 I 2 I 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 IO I 2 (2) Chakyar Koothu in Edavom Kalabham ceremony on the Full moon Ashtami day in Mithunam Thevar Seva Nira (admitting newly reaped paddy) on the Atham day In Karkata5)m ' rotal III. Major Annual Festivals: Thiruputhiri and Mukkudi in Thulam Utsavom in Medom Total I V. Expenditure in the Subordtnate temples tnccludzng pay of Santhikars Ayankavu Temple Vathilmadom Temple at Padiyoor Pamban Potta Temple Vathilmadom Temple at Rappal Aloor Ponmala, etc., Temples .. Vathilmadom Temple at Elnad Varandarappilli Temple Kaippampadi Temple Vaikkarakulangara Temple Karapatta Temple Total V. Miscellaneous Ucms : Remuneration to Carpenters, etc., on Onam days Serpent Pooja in Kanni (3) 3 7 31 6 195 400 3,545 3,946 139 156 380 436 16 309 72 210 2,051 3 0 (4) 8 9 3 9 9 6 5 7 o 4 6 o 6 o O 7 0 3 (5) 8 12 12 4 8 5 13 3 0 15 O O 8 o 0 4 o 12 (6) 55 36 564 304 6, 794 7,098 167 23 3 9 30 70 3 21 332 o 6 65 45 90 70 15 85 40 40 70 80 15 80 60. (1) 3 4 5 6 7

8 9 10 11 12 I (2) Saraswathi Pooja in K anni Sahgrama Pooja Ganapathi Homam on the 1st Friday of every month Mruthyumjapa Homam on the Makarynam day of every month Allowance to Santhikats fol 011 bath Lighting Bhandal sury) Lighting the temple premises Purificatory cez emonlcs Sevakali Remuneration to be given fol the marl iages in the house of the temple servants, etc. Total VI. Endowment Oferings Koottupayasom (pudding) on Makom days (3) 6 22 2 2 o o o 50 o 50 137 (4) 2 8 4 9 o o o o o 0 8 (5) 8 12 o 4 o o 0 o 4 (6) 25 9 9 23 30 70 25 20 268 20 7 50 65 60 00 00 05 2 (a) Light;ng on the first T huts-Ä day of every Inonth (b) Thirumathura Nivedyam on the first Thursday of every month (c) Nei (ghee) Murajapam on the fourth Makaram (d) Special pudding on the Moolam day in Karkada. gom 3 (a) Special pudding on Desami day in Chingam (b) Special pudding on Aksha- day in yathritheeya Medam (Koottupayasam) Do. Ariyidal on the I (c) same day (d) Special pudding on the I New moon day In Karka- I dagam 61 (l) 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 (2) (a) Special pudding on Aksha-Ä day in I yathritheeya Medom Do. Ariyidal on the I (b) same day Kaiabham ceremony on Aswa- thi day in Kanni Kalabham ceremony and other vazhivadoos on the Rohini day in Thulam Kalabham ceremony on Atham day in Dhanu Kalabham ceremony on Re• wathi day in Dhanu (a) Kalabham ceremony on then 4th Makaram (b) Remuneration to the Azhu- vancherri Thampurakkal on the 4th Makaram Ariyidal Nivedyam on the 4th Makaram Kalabham ceremony on the Makom day in Makaram Kala bham ceremony on the Uthrattathi day in Makaram .. Kalabham ceremony on the Uthradom day Kumbhom Special pudding on the Uthradom day in Meenom Kalabham ceremony on Pooruruttathi day in Medom . Kalabham cerenoay on Meda Sankramam day Special pudding on Akshaya- thritheeya day in Medam Kalabham ceremony on Pooya day in Edavam Offerings of the Government in Mithunam Water Pandal (a) Koottupayasam (Pudding) on Thiruvathira day in Kanni (b) Ariyidal Nivedyam on Pooyam day in Ranni (3) I (4) 3 3 (5) 12 12 (6) 3 20 30 55 25 00 26 85 25 oo 25 30 5 27 o 50 2 45 IO 62 (l) 22 Lighting Vilakkumadom from Uthradom day in Thulam to Uthram day in Medom Total (3) 2 (4) 7 (5) 8 (6) 125 50 SCHEDULE 11 (See section 31) Rights and privileges of Thachudaya Kaimal (1) When the Kau-nal goes- (to the Temple for worship he is entitled to take an escort With a sword, to blow conch and to take lights. (2) He can rmg the Temple bells and worship the Deity from the sopanam steps and receive thirtham and prasadam from the Mesanthy direct (3) He can take his bath m the thirtham tank. (4) He IS the person to present Koora and Pavithrom to the Thanthries before the commencement of the Utsavom festi- val annually (5) He IS entitled to accompany the Deity when taken out for Pallivetta and Arat processions durmg Utsav cm. (6) He IS the chief religious authority to clear all doubts m connection With the internal Inanagement of Ithe Temple m matters of religion (7) When the Kalmal dies, purification ceremony should be performed In the Temple and the cremation ceremony should be performed by Brahmins A Kalabham ceremony should also be performed m the Temple on the anniversary of the death of the Kannal