

WEST BENGAL ANTI-PROFITEERING ACT, 1958

GOVERNMENT OF WEST BENGAL LAW DEPARTMENT Legislative West Bengal Act XXIV of 1958 THE WEST BENGAL ANTI-PROFITEERING ACT, 1958. [Passed by the West Bengal Legislature.] [Agent of the President was first published in the Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary, of the 26th January, 1959.] [26th January, 1959.] An Act to prevent profiteering in certain articles in daily use, it is expedient in the public interest to prevent profiteering in certain articles in daily use ; It is hereby enacted in the Ninth Year of the Republic of India, by the Legislature of West Bengal, as follows : (1) This Act may be called the West Bengal Anti-Short 1. profiteering Act, 1958. and (2) It extends to the whole of West Bengal

2. In this Act, unless there is anything repugnant in the subject or context,— (a) "dealer" means any person carrying on the business of selling any scheduled article, and includes a producer, importer, wholesaler or retailer ; "importer" means any person who brings any scheduled article into the State of West Bengal from any place outside the State for the purpose of sale in the State ; "producer" means a person engaged in the production, manufacture or processing of any scheduled article ; "profiteering", with its grammatical variations and (d) cognate expressions, means the sale by a dealer of any scheduled article at a price or rate higher than that fixed under section 3 ; (c) "retailer" means a person who sells any scheduled article to a consumer not being a dealer ; "scheduled article" means an article specified in (f) the First Schedule; and (2) (b) "wholesaler" means a dealer who sells any scheduled article to any other dealer, and includes a broker, commission or any other agent having authority to sell any scheduled article belonging to his principal. Fixation of maximum and minimum prices or rates for articles: 3. (1) The State Government may, by order notified in the Official Gazette, fix in respect of any scheduled article the maximum price or rate which may be charged by a dealer or the minimum price which is to be paid by a purchaser. (2) Any order made under sub-section (1) may fix the maximum prices or rates or the minimum price to be paid by the purchaser for the same description of scheduled articles differently in different localities or for different classes of dealers. Offence of 4. Any dealer who profiteers in any scheduled article shall be punishable with rigorous imprisonment which may extend to two years or with fine or with both, and any scheduled article in respect of which the offence has been committed or such part thereof as to the court may seem fit shall be forfeited to the Government. Offence of 5. (1) Any dealer who, without reasonable excuse,— (a) refuses to submit returns, maintain accounts, or (b) refuses to sell any scheduled article, or (c) refuses to sell any scheduled article at the price or rate fixed in respect thereof under section 3, shall be punishable with rigorous imprisonment which may extend to two years or with fine or with both. Explanation.—The possibility or expectation of obtaining a higher price for a scheduled article at a later date shall not be deemed to be a reasonable excuse for the purposes of this section. (2) Any purchaser who purchases any scheduled article at any price less than the minimum price fixed therefor under section 3 shall be punishable with rigorous imprisonment which may extend to two years or with fine or with both. 6. (1) Every dealer shall on requisition by an officer duly authorised in this behalf by the State Government by order notified in the Official Gazette, submit to him in the form specified in the Second Schedule by such date and relating to such period as may be mentioned in the requisition, returns of stocks of : any scheduled article acquired, held or sold by him. The West Bengal Anti-profiteering Act, 1958. [XXIV of 1956.] (Sections 7—9.) 3 (2) Every dealer, unless exempted by an order made in this behalf, shall— (a) keep in the form specified in the Third Schedule a true account of any scheduled article acquired, held or sold by him after the commencement of this Act ; display in his place of business in a prominent manner so as to be open to public view, a list of those scheduled articles intended for sale the prices or rates of which have been fixed under section 3 in respect of such dealer, with the prices or rates, so fixed in respect thereof ; (c) furnish to any officer referred to in sub-section (1), or any police officer referred to in sub-section (2) of section 9, any information in respect of the acquisition or sale by him of any scheduled article mentioned in clause (b) ; (d) make available to any officer mentioned in clause (c) for his inspection such accounts, registers, vouchers or other documents relating to the import, production, purchase or sale of any scheduled article mentioned in clause (b) or matters connected therewith as may be required by him

7. When any police officer not below the rank of a Sub-Inspector of Police has reasonable grounds for believing that there has been a contravention of any of the provisions of this Act, such officer may, after recording in writing the grounds of his belief, at all reasonable hours enter and search any place where a dealer keeps, or is for the time being keeping, any scheduled article, account, registers, vouchers or other documents referred to in clause (d) of sub-section (2) of section 6 and if necessary inspect, seize or retain all or any of them for so long as they may be required for any investigation into any offence under Act

8. Any dealer who fails to comply with any of the provisions of section 6 or with a requisition issued thereunder or obstructs any officer in the exercise of his powers under section 7 shall be punishable with rigorous imprisonment which may extend to six months or with fine or with both.

(1) All offences punishable under this Act shall be cognizable. (2) Any police officer not below the rank of a Sub-Inspector of Police may arrest without any person against whom a reasonable complaint has been made or credible information has been received of having been concerned in any of the offences punishable under this Act. Power to search and seize. Penalty for contravention of section 6 or section 7. Cognizance of offences and arrest without warrant. 4 The West Bengal Anti-profiteering Act, 1958. [West Ben. Act (Sections 10—13 and the First Schedule.) indemnity. Power to add to the Schedule. Effect of orders in the Commodities Act, 1955. under. Bequeathment. No suit, prosecution or other legal proceeding shall lie against any public servant for anything which is in good faith done or intended to be done under this Act or any order made thereunder

11. The State Government may, with the previous approval of the Central Government, order notified in the Official Gazette, add to the First Schedule any other article of daily use, and thereupon that Schedule shall be deemed to be amended accordingly and the article so added shall be deemed to be a scheduled article within the meaning of this Act

12. If any order controlling the price of any essential commodity within the meaning of the Essential Commodities Act, 1955 has been made before the commencement of this Act or is made after such commencement and such essential commodity is a scheduled article within the meaning of this Act and the order so made extends to the State of West Bengal or any part thereof, that order shall have effect in the State or part thereof, as the case may be, notwithstanding anything inconsistent therewith contained in this Act or any order made thereunder.

13. (1) The West Bengal Anti-profiteering Ordinance, West Ord. LX 1958 is hereby repealed. (2) Anything done or any action taken under the West Bengal Anti-profiteering Ordinance, 1958 shall be deemed to have been done or taken under this Act as if this Act had commenced on the 22nd day of October, 1958. (1) (2) (3) (4) (5) (6) (7) (8) (9) (10) (11) FIRST SCHEDULE. [See section 2(f) and section 11.] Rice and rice in the husk. Wheat and wheat product. Pulses. Spices. Edible oil. Sugar. Baby food. Paper. Drugs and medicine. Skimmed milk powder. Kerosene. The West Bengal Anti-profiteering Act, 1958. on sub.] The Second and the Third Schedules. ; 5 SECOND SCHEDULE. [See section Form of Return of Stocks for the period from... to... Name of dealer., whether producer, importer, wholesaler or retailer. Address of place of business... .. Description of scheduled article. Stock* held at the beginning of the period. 2 Stocks recently acquired with date and price of acquisition and names and addresses of persons from whom acquired. 3 Stocks sold during the period together with the date of sale, the sale price and the names and addresses of persons to whom sold (except, in the case of sales by retailers). Stocks held at the end of the period (except in the case of retailers). 5 THIRD SCHEDULE. [See section Form of Account of Stocks. Name of dealer.... importer, wholesaler or retailer. Address of place of whether producer, Description of scheduled article. Stock* held when Act comes into force, 2 Stock subse. recently acquired with date and price of acquisition and names and addresses of persons from whom. 3 Stock *Old bought with the date of sale, the sale price and the names and addresses of persons to whom sold (except in the case of sales by retailers). 4 Stock held at the end of each day (except, in the case of retailers). WBOP, 60/OO.1844Au